

ABSTRAK**PELAKSANAAN DAN PENGELOLAAN BENDA SITAAN HASIL
TINDAK PIDANA KORUPSI DIKEJAKSAAN NEGERI CIREBON****Oleh : Ary Arianto****E1A011198**

Skripsi ini menguraikan mengenai bagaimana Proses pelaksanaan dan pengelolaan benda sitaan hasil tindak pidana korupsi khususnya di Kejaksaan Negeri Cirebon. Tujuan Penelitian ini adalah untuk mengetahui proses pengelolaan benda sitaan korupsi, dan hambatan yang dialami dalam melakukan kegiatan pengelolaan benda sitaan korupsi dikejaksaan negeri secara umum, khususnya kejaksaan negeri Cirebon. Penulisan skripsi ini menggunakan metode penelitian yuridis sosiologis, dan spesifikasi penelitian yaitu deskriptif, sumber data yang digunakan adalah data primer dan data sekunder, teknik pengumpulan data adalah wawancara dengan narasumber dan studi pustaka, untuk metode analisis menggunakan analisis data kualitatif. Kesimpulan dari hasil penelitian yaitu pengelolaan benda sitaan hasil tindak pidana korupsi dikejaksaan negeri Cirebon, benda sitaan selama 1 (satu) minggu dikelola dikejaksaan negeri Cirebon guna kepentingan pemeriksaan. Benda sitaan tersebut akan dirawat dan dipelihara agar nilai benda sitaan tersebut tidak jatuh saat memasuki tahap lelang eksekusi. Namun, hambatan yang dialami oleh kejaksaan negeri Cirebon terletak difaktor turunnya nilai benda sitaan karena lelang yang harus menunggu proses peradilan selesai.

Kata kunci : Pengelolaan benda sitaan, Tindak Pidana Korupsi, Kejaksaan Negeri Cirebon

ABSTRACT**THE IMPLEMENTATION AND MANAGEMENT OF CONFISCATED
ITEMS RESULTED FROM CRIMINAL ACT OF CORRUPTION AT
CIREBON STATE PROSECUTOR OFFICE****By : Ary arianto****E1A011198**

This thesis describes on how the process of implementation and management of confiscated items resulting from criminal act of corruption, especially at State Prosecutor Office in Cirebon. The purpose of this research was to determine the process of management of confiscated items of corruption, and the obstacles experienced in conducting the management activities of confiscated items of corruption at State Prosecutor Office in general, especially at CirebonState Prosecutor Office. This research used sociological research method, and the research specification was descriptive, data sources used were primary data and secondary data, data collection technique was interview with information sources and literature study, the analytical method used qualitative data analysis. The conclusion of result research was that based on the management of confiscated items resulted from criminal act of corruption at CirebonState Prosecutor Office, the confiscated items were managed by CirebonState Prosecutor for 1 (one) week for the sake of examination. The confiscated items will be maintained so that the value of confiscated items will not fall when entering the auction stage of execution. However, the obstacles faced by Cirebonstate prosecutor were in the factor of the falling value of confiscated items because the auction must wait for the judicial process to complete.

Keywords: Management of confiscated items, criminal act of corruption,
Cirebon State Prosecutor Office