

**IMPLEMENTASI PEMBERIAN IZIN BERUSAHA BERBASIS RISIKO
MELALUI *SISTEM ONLINE SINGLE SUBMISSION* (OSS) DI
KABUPATEN KULON PROGO**

**Oleh:
Putri Lutfiyani
E1A018304**

ABSTRAK

Sistem Perizinan Berusaha Terintegrasi Secara Elektronik (*Online Single Submission*) yang selanjutnya disebut Sistem OSS adalah sistem elektronik terintegrasi yang dikelola dan diselenggarakan oleh Lembaga OSS untuk penyelenggaraan Perizinan Berusaha Berbasis Risiko. Perizinan berusaha berbasis risiko melalui sistem OSS ditujukan untuk percepatan dan peningkatan penanaman modal dan berusaha serta mempermudah Pelaku Usaha dalam hal pendaftaran/pengurusan perizinan kegiatan usaha. Metode pendekatan yang digunakan dalam penelitian ini adalah metode pendekatan yuridis normatif. Data yang digunakan adalah data sekunder yang terdiri bahan hukum primer, bahan hukum sekunder, dan bahan hukum tersier berupa peraturan perundang-undangan yang relevan dan buku-buku literatur. Berdasarkan hasil penelitian dapat disimpulkan bahwa penyelenggaraan perizinan berusaha berbasis risiko mendorong kemudahan perizinan melalui digitalisasi, pembagian berdasarkan tingkat risiko, penerbitan otomatis, perizinan tunggal bagi usaha mikro kecil beresiko rendah. Namun, dalam pelaksanaannya masih terhambat oleh tingkat pengetahuan pelaku usaha dan akses internet yang kurang memadai.

Kata Kunci : Perizinan berusaha berbasis risiko, *online single submission*, kemudahan perizinan

**IMPLEMENTATION OF RISK-BASED ATTEMPTED PERMISSION
THROUGH THE ONLINE SINGLE SUBMISSION (OSS) SYSTEM IN
KULON PROGO REGENCY**

**By :
Putri Lutfiyani
E1A018304**

ABSTRACT

The Electronically Integrated Attempted Licensing System (Online Single Submission) hereinafter referred to as the OSS System is an integrated electronic system managed and organized by the OSS Institution for the implementation of Risk-Based Business Licensing. Risk-based business licensing through the OSS system is intended for accelerating and increasing investment and trying and facilitating Business Actors in terms of registration / management of business activities licensing. The short method used in this study is the method of normative juridical approach. The data used is secondary data consisting of primary legal materials, secondary legal materials, and tertiary legal materials in the form of relevant laws and literature books. Based on the results of the study, it can be concluded that the implementation of risk-based business licensing encourages ease of licensing through digitization, distribution based on risk level, automatic issuance, single license for low-risk micro and small businesses. However, its implementation is still hampered by the level of public knowledge and inadequate internet access.

Keywords: *Risk-based business licensing, online single submission, ease of licensing*