

ABSTRAK

Aktivitas rehabilitasi hutan mangrove di Angke Kapuk Jakarta Utara merupakan kegiatan yang mendukung keberlanjutan sumberdaya alam hutan mangrove sehingga mampu memberi peluang ekonomi kepada masyarakat sekitar. Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui faktor utama dan faktor penting variabel pemulihan ekonomi melalui aktivitas rehabilitasi mangrove serta hubungan antar variabel dengan menggunakan metode analisis MICMAC (*matrix of cross impact multiplications applied to a classification*). Hasil penelitian mengindikasikan bahwa variabel kunci atau variabel penggerak (*Influence Variables*) yang menguasai sistem adalah faktor kebijakan yang bersinggungan terhadap aktivitas rehabilitasi. Sedangkan pada *Relay Variables* terdiri dari faktor aktivitas rehabilitasi mangrove seperti penyemaian, penanaman, penyuluhan, dan pelatihan. Sementara pada *Dependence Variables* terdiri dari faktor ekonomi seperti pendapatan ekowisata, pendapatan nelayan, pendapatan pemancing, pendapatan pedagang, pendapatan kelompok usaha mangrove, pendapatan kelompok tani hutan, nilai jual bibit mangrove, nilai jual produk olahan mangrove, dan produksi olahan mangrove. Dan *Autonomous Variables* terdiri dari pemodal usaha dan nilai jual ikan.

Kata Kunci: *Rehabilitasi Mangrove, Ekonomi Wilayah, Micmac, Variabel Kunci*



ABSTRACT

Mangrove forest rehabilitation activities in Angke Kapuk, North Jakarta are activities that support the sustainability of mangrove forest natural resources so that they are able to provide economic opportunities to the surrounding community. This study aims to determine the main factors and the important variables of economic recovery through mangrove rehabilitation activities and the relationship between variables using the MICMAC (*matrix of cross impact multiplications applied to a classification*) analysis method. The results of the study indicate that the key variables or driving variables (*Influence Variables*) that dominate the system are policy factors that intersect with rehabilitation activities. The *Relay Variables* consist of mangrove rehabilitation activity factors such as seeding, planting, counseling, and training. While the *Dependence Variables* consist of economic factors such as ecotourism income, fisherman income, angler income, traders income, mangrove business group income, forest farmer group income, selling value of mangrove seeds, selling value of processed mangrove products, and processed mangrove production. And *Autonomous Variables* consist of business investors and fish selling value.

Keywords: *Mangrove Rehabilitation, Regional Economy, Micmac, Key Variables*

