

## RINGKASAN

Pandemi Covid-19 membuat banyak anak menjadi yatim, piatu, bahkan yatim piatu karena orang tuanya meninggal akibat terinfeksi Covid-19. Anak-anak tersebut sering disebut sebagai anak terdampak pandemi Covid-19. Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk menggambarkan dan menjelaskan dampak ekonomi, sosial, dan psikologis yang dirasakan oleh anak terdampak pandemi Covid-19 dan strategi bertahan hidup yang dilakukan oleh mereka di Kabupaten Purbalingga. Metode penelitian yang digunakan dalam penelitian ini adalah kualitatif dengan melakukan wawancara, observasi, dan dokumentasi.

Hasil penelitian ini menunjukkan bahwa, hingga saat ini, anak terdampak pandemi Covid-19 masih merasakan dampak baik dalam aspek ekonomi, sosial, maupun psikologisnya. Dampak ekonomi yang dirasakan anak terdampak pandemi Covid-19 adalah perekonomiannya menurun hingga mengakibatkan sebagian anak putus sekolah karena kesulitan dalam biaya. Dampak sosial yang dirasakan anak terdampak pandemi Covid-19, mengakibatkan sebagian anak mendapatkan stereotip negatif hingga dijauhi warga. Dampak psikologis yang dirasakan anak terdampak pandemi Covid-19 adalah stress, emosi tidak stabil, memikirkan hal secara berlebihan, hidupnya menjadi terpuruk, menutup diri, dan masih banyak lainnya. Pemerintah dan Dinas Sosial sudah berupaya untuk membantu mereka namun sayangnya belum dirasakan secara merata oleh semua anak terdampak pandemi Covid-19. Hal tersebut membuat anak terdampak pandemi Covid-19 melakukan strategi untuk mempertahankan hidupnya. Strategi dalam aspek ekonomi dilakukan dengan strategi aktif, strategi pasif, dan strategi jaringan. Strategi dalam aspek sosial dilakukan dengan melakukan aktivitas positif di sekolah maupun di lingkungan sekitar. Namun, bagi anak yang mendapatkan stereotip negatif, mereka melakukan strategi dengan menutup diri dari lingkungan sekitar demi kenyamanan dirinya. Strategi dalam aspek psikologis dilakukan dengan membaca novel, bermain dengan teman, atau aktivitas lainnya yang dapat menenangkan hati dan pikiran mereka.

**Kata kunci:** Covid-19, Strategi Bertahan Hidup, Anak Terdampak Pandemi

## SUMMARY

*The Covid-19 pandemic has many children orphaned because their parents died as a result of being infected with Covid-19. These children are often referred to as children affected by the Covid-19 pandemic. This study aims to describe and explain the economic, social and psychological impacts felt by children affected by the Covid-19 pandemic and the survival strategies adopted by them in Purbalingga Regency. The research method used in this research is qualitative by conducting interviews, observation, and documentation.*

*The results of this study show that, until now, children affected by the Covid-19 pandemic are still feeling the impact in terms of their economic, social, and psychological aspects. The economic impact felt by children affected by the Covid-19 pandemic is that their economy has declined which has resulted in some children dropping out of school due to difficulties in funding. The social impact felt by children affected by the Covid-19 pandemic has resulted in some children receiving negative stereotypes so that they are shunned by residents. The psychological impact felt by children affected by the Covid-19 pandemic is stress, unstable emotions, thinking about things excessively, their lives getting worse, closing themselves, and many others. The government and Social Service have tried to help them but unfortunately it has not been felt equally by all children affected by the Covid-19 pandemic. This makes children affected by the Covid-19 pandemic implement strategies to survive. The strategy in the economic aspect is carried out by means of an active strategy, a passive strategy, and a network strategy. The strategy in the social aspect is carried out by carrying out positive activities at school and in the surrounding environment. However, for children who get negative stereotypes, they carry out strategies by isolating themselves from the surrounding environment for their own comfort. Strategies in the psychological aspect are carried out by reading novels, playing with friends, or other activities that can calm their feelings and thoughts.*

**Keywords:** Covid-19, Survival Strategy, Children Affected by a Pandemic