

## DAFTAR PUSTAKA

### Buku

Regan, T. (2004). *Empty cages: Facing the challenge of animal rights*. United States: Raleigh.

Ekins, P. (1992). *A New World Order: Grassroots Movements for Global Change*. London.

### Jurnal

Oh, M., & Jackson, J. (2011). Animal rights vs. cultural rights: Exploring the dog meat debate in South Korea from a world polity perspective. *Journal of intercultural studies*, 32(1), 31-56.

<https://doi.org/10.1080/07256868.2010.491272>

Dugnoille, J. (2018). To eat or not to eat companion dogs: symbolic value of dog meat and human dog companionship in contemporary South Korea. *Food, Culture & Society*, 21(2), 214-232.

<https://doi.org/10.1080/15528014.2018.1429075>

Czajkowski, C. (2014). Dog meat trade in South Korea: A report on the current state of the trade and efforts to eliminate it. *Animal L*, 21, 29.

Kim, R. E. (2007). Dog meat in Korea: A socio-legal challenge. *Animal L*, 14, 201. <http://dx.doi.org/10.2139/ssrn.1325574>

Podberscek, A. L. (2009). Good to pet and eat: The keeping and consuming of dogs and cats in South Korea. *Journal of Social Issues*, 65(3), 615-632.

<https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1540-4560.2009.01616.x>

Fajar, K. (2018). Upaya Humane Society International (HSI) Dalam Perlindungan Hewan Anjing dan Kucing di Festival Yulin, China. *Jurnal Ilmu Hubungan Internasional*, 6.

- Han, Y., Park, S., Song, H., & Choe, N. (2023). The current status of dog meat industry in south korea and recommendations for animal welfare and public health. *예방수의학회지*, 47(1), 39-43.
- Konzing, L., Umoh, J. U., & Dzikwi, A. A.. (2015). Trade dog-dog meat processors interface in rabies transmission. *I*(11).
- Seidle, T. (2013). Humane Society International's global campaign to end animal testing. *Alternatives to Laboratory Animals*, 41(6), 453-459.  
<https://doi.org/10.1177/026119291304100608>
- Davis, R. (2008). CASE NOTE: Federal Court declares Japanese whaling illegal in Australian Antarctic Waters: *Humane Society International Inc Kyodo Senpaku Kaisha Ltd FCA 3. Maritime Studies*, (159), 2.  
<https://doi.org/10.1080/07266472.2008.10878882>
- Han, J. S., & Lee, G. H. (2013). Laboratory animal welfare and the three Rs in Korea. *Alternatives to Laboratory Animals*, 41(4), P45-P47.  
<https://doi.org/10.1177/026119291304100411>
- Mayer, J. (2012). Animal magnetism: On South Korean director Yim Soon-rye. *Metro Magazine: Media & Education Magazine*, (171), 58.
- Li, P. J. (2017). The Dog Meat“Trade and China“s Urban-Based Development. *Animal Oppression and Capitalism*, 1, 118-39.
- Archer, C. (1998). Nongovernmental organization. In: Shafritz JM (ed) International encyclopedia of public policy and administration. *Westview Boulder*, p 1504.
- Maya, H., & Pattipeilohy, S. C. H. (2020). Peran dan Fungsi Dog Meat Free Indonesia (DMFI) dalam Menangani Kasus Perdagangan Daging Anjing di Indonesia. *Journal of International Relations*, 6(4), 608-618.  
<https://doi.org/10.14710/jirud.v6i4.28804>

- Tarrow, S. (2001). Transnational politics: Contention and institutions in international politics. *Annual review of political science*, 4(1), 1-20. <https://doi.org/10.1146/annurev.polisci.4.1.1>
- Linzey, A. (2006). Ethical Critique of the Canadian Seal Hunt and an Examination of the (Case for Import Controls on Seal Products J. *Animal L*, 2, 87.
- Bahmani, J. (2016). The role of civil society in development. *Journal of Civil & Legal Sciences*, 5(10.4172), 2169-0170. DOI: 10.4172/2169-0170.1000215
- Harnisch, S. (2011). Role theory: operationalization of key concepts: Sebastian Harnisch. In *Role theory in international relations* (pp. 23-31).
- Wehner, L. E., & Thies, C. G. (2014). Role theory, narratives, and interpretation: The domestic contestation of roles. *International Studies Review*, 16(3), 411-436. <https://doi.org/10.1111/misr.12149>
- Scholte, J. A. (2002). Civil society and democracy in global governance. *Global Governance: A Review of Multilateralism and International Organizations*, 8(3), 281-304.
- Park, T. G. (2012). *The Park Chung Hee Era: The Transformation of South Korea*. 38(3). <https://doi.org/10.1017/S0021911812001611>
- 土佐昌樹. (2009). Dogs are good to eat, and/or to pet: The controversial dog-eating custom in globalized South Korea. *AJ Journal* 05, 43.
- Martin, D. (2011). How Wonderful Days Became Sky Blues: The Transnational Circulation of South Korean Animation. *Acta Koreana*, 14(1), 137-152. <http://dx.doi.org/10.18399/acta.2011.14.1.006>

## Sumber Internet

- OCBC News. (2018). *Dog meat soup for sale in shadow of Olympic stadium*. <https://www.cbsnews.com/news/south-korea-dog-meat-pyeongchang-2018-winterolympics-meagan-duhamel/>. Diakses pada 30 November 2020.
- Change for animal foundation. (t.t). *South Korea's Cruel Dog Meat Industry*. <https://www.changeforanimals.org/southkoreascrueldogmeatindustry>. Diakses pada 30 November 2020.
- People. (2020). *New Investigation into Dog Meat Market in South Korea Found Over 200 Dogs Being Kept in Crates*. <https://people.com/pets/investigation-dog-meat-market-south-korea/>. Diakses pada 20 Desember 2020.
- Kim, M. (2024, January 19). South Korea bans dog meat trade as times and attitudes change - Los Angeles Times. *Los Angeles Times*. <https://www.latimes.com/world-nation/story/2024-01-15/dogmeat-trade-banned-in-south-korea>. Diakses pada 20 Desember 2020
- Express. (2018). *Why is dog meat so popular in South Korea and what is 'Bosintang' dog soup?*. <https://www.express.co.uk/news/world/999817/dog-meat-soup-south-korea-asia-bosintang>. Diakses pada 20 Desember 2020.
- Middle East Eye. (2018). *Has Egypt just started exporting stray dogs and cats to South Korea?*. <https://www.middleeasteye.net/news/has-egypt-just-started-exporting-stray-dogs-and-cats-south-korea>. Diakses pada 24 Desember 2020.

Middle East Monitor. (2018). *South Korea denies importing dogs from Egypt for meat consumption*. <https://www.middleeastmonitor.com/20181204-south-korea-denies-importing-dogs-from-egypt-for-meat-consumption/>. Diakses pada 24 Desember 2020.

Free Korean Dogs. (2016). *Protest to end the dog and cat meat trade*. <https://www.freekoreandogs.org/protest-end-dog-cat-meat-trade/>. Diakses pada 24 Desember 2020.

USA Today. (2019). *South koreans eat more than 1 million dogs each year but that's slowly changing here's why*. <https://www.usatoday.com/in-depth/news/2019/02/25/south-koreans-eat-more-than-2-million-dogs-every-year-but-thats-changing/2930025002/>. Diakses pada 24 Desember 2020.

Intel Portal. (t.t). *South Korea Tactical: Dogmeat traders' association to protest in front of City Hall in Seoul on April 4; maintain vigilance*. <https://app.max-security.com/south-korea-tactical-dogmeat-traders-association-to-protest-in-front-of-city-hall-in-seoul-on-april-4-maintain-vigilance/>. Diakses pada 24 Desember 2020.

Humane Society International. (2020). *South Korean dog meat farmer quits the trade to grow vegetables with help from Humane Society International's pioneering approach*. <https://www.hsi.org>. Diakses pada 18 Desember 2020.

Humane Society International. (t.t). *Dog meat trade*. <https://www.hsi.org>. Diakses pada 18 Desember 2020.

Humane Society International. (2020). *196 dogs saved from South Korea's dog meat trade arrive in the US to find homes, as new poll shows 84% of South Koreans reject eating dog meat*. <https://www.hsi.org>. Diakses pada 18 Desember 2020.

Humane Society International. (2020). *Humane Society International rescues nearly 200 dogs from South Korean dog meat trade*. <https://www.hsi.org>. Diakses pada 18 Desember 2020.

Humane Society International. (t.t). *Closing south korea's dog meat farm*. <https://www.hsi.org>. Diakses pada 18 Desember 2020.

The Korea Herald. (2018). *Protesters raise voice against dog meat consumption*. <https://www.koreaherald.com/view.php?ud=20180716000647>. Diakses pada 24 Desember 2020.

Animal Rights Toronto. (2016). *Toronto protest against korea's dog and cat meat trade*. <https://animalrightstoronto.com/event/toronto-protest-against-koreas-dog-and-cat-meat-trade/>. Diakses pada 10 Januari 2021.

Egypt Independent. (2018). *Salah opposes Egypt MP's suggestion to export cats and dogs as meat*. <https://egyptindependent.com/salah-opposes-egypt-mps-suggestion-to-export-cats-and-dogs-as-meat/>. Diakses pada 10 Januari 2020.

Heffner, E. (2021). *Dog meat farm which killed Korea's "national breed" Jindo dogs for the menu at a local restaurant, closes following cruelty charges*. Humane Society International. <https://www.hsi.org/news-resources/dog-meat-farm-which-killed-koreas-national-breed-jindo-dogs-for-the-menu-at-a-local-restaurant-closes-following-cruelty-charges/> , diakses pada 24 Februari 2024.

Stone, K. (2023). *Asia's dog meat Trade: FAQs*. Humane Society International. <https://www.hsi.org/news-resources/dog-meat-trade-faqs>, diakses pada 24 Februari 2024.

- Asmi Patnaik, & Asmi Patnaik. (2024). *South Korea's history of eating dog meat*. Deccan Herald. <https://www.deccanherald.com/world/south-koreas-history-of-eating-dog-meat-2841794> , diakses pada 24 Februari 2024.
- Hussain, G. (2023). *The Dog Meat Trade Is in Decline — but It's Far from Gone*. Sentient Media. <https://sentientmedia.org/korean-dog-meat/> , diakses pada 24 Februari 2024.
- Ku, B. Y. (2024). Dog meat: Why is it a sensitive topic in South Korea? *BBC News*. <https://www.bbc.com/news/world-asia-67958480> , diakses pada 24 Februari 2024.
- Koreatimes. (2024). *Korea bans age-old tradition of dog meat consumption*. [https://www.koreatimes.co.kr/www/nation/2024/02/356\\_366614.html](https://www.koreatimes.co.kr/www/nation/2024/02/356_366614.html) , diakses pada 24 Februari 2024.
- Humane Society International. (2020). *Korea Archives*. <https://www.hsi.org/news-resources/tag/korea/> , diakses pada 24 Februari 2024.
- Humane Society International. (2024). *South Korea Archives*. <https://www.hsi.org/news-resources/region/south-korea-2/> , diakses pada 24 Februari 2024.
- Heffner, E. (2021). *Korean animal protection groups unite with Humane Society International/Korea to rescue 50 dogs left behind on a closed down dog meat farm and slaughterhouse*. Humane Society International. <https://www.hsi.org/news-resources/korean-animal-protection-groups-unite-with-hsi-korea-to-rescue-50-dogs-left-behind-on-closed-down-dog-meat-farm/> , diakses pada 24 Februari 2024.

Humane Society International. (2021). *Korean animal protection groups unite with Humane Society International/Korea to rescue 50 dogs left behind on a closed down dog meat farm and slaughterhouse.*

<https://www.hsi.org/news-resources/korean-animal-protection-groups-unite-with-hsi-korea-to-rescue-50-dogs-left-behind-on-closed-down-dog-meat-farm/> , diakses pada 24 Februari 2024.

Haworth, J. (2020). Almost 200 dogs rescued from South Korea land in US to find new homes. *ABC News*. <https://abcnews.go.com/US/200-dogs-rescued-south-korea-dog-meat-farm/story?id=73874196> , diakses pada 24 Februari 2024.

The Humane Society of the United States. (2022). *Rescuers arrive for 21 dogs left behind at dog meat farm in South Korea.*

<https://www.humanesociety.org/blog/rescuers-arrive-21-dogs-left-behind-dog-meat-farm-south-korea> , diakses pada 24 Februari 2024.

Heffner, E. (2021). *Korean animal protection groups unite with Humane Society International/Korea to rescue 50 dogs left behind on a closed down dog meat farm and slaughterhouse.* Humane Society International.

<https://www.hsi.org/news-resources/korean-animal-protection-groups-unite-with-hsi-korea-to-rescue-50-dogs-left-behind-on-closed-down-dog-meat-farm/> , diakses pada 24 Februari 2024.

The Humane Society of the United States. (2023). *Breaking: There's a new chance to ban the dog meat industry in South Korea.*

<https://www.humanesociety.org/blog/breaking-theres-new-chance-ban-dog-meat-industry-south-korea> , diakses pada 24 Februari 2024.

The Humane Society of the United States. (2022). *34 dogs saved from South Korea's dog meat industry arrive in US to seek homes.*

<https://www.humanesociety.org/blog/breaking-34-dogs-saved-south-koreas-dog-meat-industry-arrive-us-seek-homes> , diakses pada 24 Februari 2024.



The Humane Society of the United States. (2024). *Breaking: South Korea passes law to end dog meat industry by 2027.*

<https://www.humanesociety.org/blog/breaking-south-korea-passes-law-end-dog-meat-industry-2027> , diakses pada 24 Februari 2024.

Heffner, E. (2022). *Humane Society International/Korea earns Outstanding Contribution to Society award.* Humane Society International.

<https://www.hsi.org/news-resources/humane-society-international-korea-earns-outstanding-contribution-to-society-award/> , diakses pada 24 Februari 2024.

Heffner, E. (2021). *Dog meat farm which killed Korea's "national breed" Jindo dogs for the menu at a local restaurant, closes following cruelty charges.* Humane Society International. <https://www.hsi.org/news-resources/dog-meat-farm-which-killed-koreas-national-breed-jindo-dogs-for-the-menu-at-a-local-restaurant-closes-following-cruelty-charges/> , diakses pada 24 Februari 2024.

Hwa, N. (2019). *Humane Society International saves 90 dogs from slaughter in South Korea.* Humane Society International. <https://www.hsi.org/news-resources/sk-dog-meat-farm-15-closure-us-release/> , diakses pada 24 Februari 2024.

Wild At Heart Foundation. (2023). *Saving the dogs of South Korea's meat trade - Wild at Heart Foundation.* Wild at Heart.

<https://wildatheartfoundation.org/projects/south-korea> , diakses pada 24 Februari 2024.