

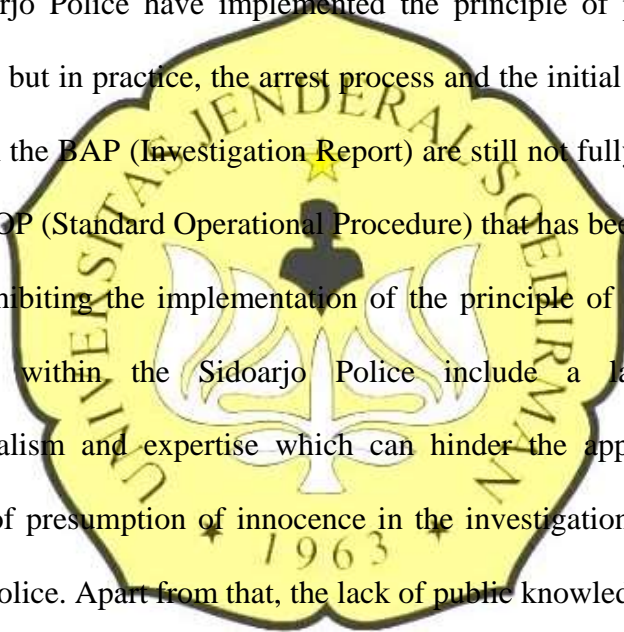
## CHAPTER V

### CLOSING

#### A. Conclusion

Based on the results of the research and discussion described in the previous chapter, the following conclusions can be drawn:

1. The Sidoarjo Police have implemented the principle of presumption of innocence, but in practice, the arrest process and the initial examination as outlined in the BAP (Investigation Report) are still not fully in accordance with the SOP (Standard Operational Procedure) that has been determined.
2. Factors inhibiting the implementation of the principle of presumption of innocence within the Sidoarjo Police include a lack of police professionalism and expertise which can hinder the application of the principle of presumption of innocence in the investigation process at the Sidoarjo Police. Apart from that, the lack of public knowledge and the lack of a monitoring and control system also influence this principle.



## B. Suggestion

1. The police, in this case the Sidoarjo Police, should always socialize the importance of implementing the principle of presumption of innocence in order to ensure that the rights of individual suspects are maintained while undergoing the investigation process.
2. The Sidoarjo Police Department should always improve its human resources for investigators by providing opportunities or permits and learning assignments and instilling a strong civil culture among members of the Police within the Sidoarjo Police Department, so that it is hoped that all actions carried out by investigators can be more proportional and professional in accordance with the law.
3. The government should tighten supervision or form a special supervision team to always monitor every action taken by law enforcers, especially in the investigation process, as well as provide guidance to investigators so that investigators are aware of their mistakes and are responsible for upholding and implementing the rights of suspects as regulated by Constitution.

