

Daftar Pustaka

- Arikunto, S. (2012). Suhardjono, dan Supardi. 2012. *Penelitian Tindakan Kelas*.
- Branco, M. C., & Rodrigues, L. L. (2006). Corporate social responsibility and resource-based perspectives. *Journal of Business Ethics*, 69(2), 111–132. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10551-006-9071-z>
- Clarkson, M. E. (1995). A Stakeholder Framework for Analyzing and Evaluating Corporate Social Performance. *Academy of Management Review*, 20(1), 92–117. <https://doi.org/10.5465/amr.1995.9503271994>
- Daud, R. M., & Amri, A. (2008). Pengaruh Intellectual Capital Dan Corporate Social Responsibility Terhadap Kinerja Perusahaan. *Jurnal Telaah Dan Riset Akuntansi*, 1(2), 192–213.
- Dendawijaya, L. (2005). *Manajemen Perbankan*. (R. F. Sikumbank, Ed.). Bogor: Ghalia Indonesia.
- Donaldson, T., & Preston, L. E. (1995). The Stakeholder Theory of the Corporation: Concepts, Evidence, and Implications. *Academy of Management Review*, 20(1), 65–91. <https://doi.org/10.5465/amr.1995.9503271992>
- Fitria, S., & Hartanti, D. (2010). Islam Dan Tanggung Jawab Sosial : Studi Perbandingan Pengungkapan Berdasarkan Global Reporting Initiative Indeks Dan Islamic Social Reporting Indeks. *Simposium Nasional Akuntansi XIII*, 1–46. <https://doi.org/10.1017/CBO9781107415324.004>
- Freeman, R. E. (1984). Stakeholder management: a strategic approach. *New York: Pitman*.
- Friedman, M. (1962). Capitalism and freedom. *University of Chicago*.
- Ghofar, M. (2015). Rp12 triliun dana CSR Indonesia belum dikelola maksimal. Retrieved July 25, 2018, from <https://www.antaraneews.com/berita/509654/Mrp12-triliun-dana-csr-indonesia-belum-dikelola-maksimal>
- Ghozali, I., & Chariri, A. (2007). *Teori Akuntansi*. Yogyakarta: Penerbit Andi.
- Global Reporting Initiative. (2014). G4 Sustainability Reporting Guidelines. *Global Reporting Initiative*, 1–97. <https://doi.org/10.1590/S0101-60832006000700003>
- GRI. (2013). Pedoman Pelaporan Keberlanjutan G4: prinsip-prinsip pelaporan dan pengungkapan standar. *Global Reporting Initiative*. Retrieved from www.globalreporting.org
- Hendrik, B. U. (2008). Corporate Social Responsibility. *Sinar Grafika, Jakarta*.

- Janah, A. dan E. S. (2013). Analisis Pelaksanaan dan Pengungkapan Tanggungjawab Sosial Perusahaan Perbankan di Indonesia (Studi Komparatif Bank Pemerintah dan Bank Swasta). *Jurnal Ilmiah Mahasiswa*, (Feb), 1.2-1.2.
- Jensen, M. (2001). Value Maximisation, Stakeholder Theory, and the Corporate Objective Function. *European Financial Management*, 7(3), 297–317. <https://doi.org/10.1111/1468-036X.00158>
- Kasmir. (2008). *Bank dan Lembaga Keuangan Lainnya*. Jakarta: PT. Rajagrafindo Persada.
- Khan, H. (2010). The effect of corporate governance elements on corporate social responsibility (CSR) reporting. *International Journal of Law and Management*, 52(2), 82–109. <https://doi.org/10.1108/17542431011029406>
- Khan, H. U. Z. (2010). The effect of corporate governance elements on corporate social responsibility (CSR); reporting: Empirical evidence from private commercial banks of Bangladesh. *International Journal of Law and Management*, 52(2), 82–109. <https://doi.org/10.1108/17542431011029406>
- Kotler, P. (2005). The role played by the broadening of marketing movement in the history of marketing thought. American Marketing Association.
- Latumaerissa. (2012). *Bank dan Lembaga Keuangan Lain*. Jakarta: Salemba Empat.
- Maybank Indonesia. (2015). Dari BII Menjadi Maybank. Retrieved February 8, 2019, from <https://www.maybank.co.id/promo/Documents/maybank/index.html>
- McEwen, W. J. (2008). When the Going Gets Tough. *The Gallup Management Journal, New York of Management Perspectives*, 26(4), 51–65.
- Mujizat, A. (2016). Perkembangan CSR di Indonesia.
- Negara, T. L. (2015). Huruf a Dan Huruf B, (2).
- Purwanto, A. (2011). PENGARUH TIPE INDUSTRI, UKURAN PERUSAHAAN, PROFITABILITAS, TERHADAP CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY. *JURNAL AKUNTANSI DAN AUDITING*, 8(1), 12–29.
- Rustiarini, N. W. (2011). Pengaruh Struktur Kepemilikan Saham pada Pengungkapan Corporate Sosial Responsibility. *Jurnal Ilmiah Akuntansi Dan Bisnis*, 6(1), 1–24.
- Saputri, A. P., & Wahyu, T. J. (2010). Pengaruh Corporate Governance Dan Financial Distressed Terhadap Luas Pengungkapan, 1–29.

- Sekaran, U. (2006). *Metodologi Penelitian Untuk Bisnis Edisi 4*. Jakarta: Salemba Empat.
- Sheehy, B. (2015). Defining CSR: Problems and Solutions. *Journal of Business Ethics*, 131(3), 625–648. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10551-014-2281-x>
- Sugiyono, M. (2012). *Metode Penelitian Kuantitatif, Kualitatif, dan Kombinasi*. Bandung: Alfabeta.
- Sulistiyono, T. S. (2008). *Pengaturan Corporate Social Responsibility Bagi Perseroan di Bidang dan/atau Berkaitan Dengan Sumberdaya Alam Guna Meningkatkan Kualitas Kehidupan dan Lingkungan*. UAJY.
- Triandaru, S., & Budisantoso, T. (2006). *Bank dan Lembaga Keuangan Lain*. Jakarta: Salemba Empat.
- Wibisono, Y. (2007). *Membedah konsep & aplikasi CSR: corporate social responsibility*. Fascho Pub. Retrieved from <https://books.google.co.id/books?id=UaQBHwAACA>
- WIDENTA, Y. P. (2011). ANALISIS IMPLEMENTASI CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY PT. INDOSAT Tbk. TAHUN 2007-2011 BERDASARKAN GLOBAL REPORTING INITIATIVE. *UNIVERSITAS BRAWIJAYA MALANG*.
- Yamak, S., & Süer, Ö. (2005). State as a stakeholder. *Corporate Governance: The International Journal of Business in Society*, 5(2), 111–120. <https://doi.org/10.1108/14720700510562695>
- Yeung, S. (2011). The Role of Banks in Corporate Social Responsibility. *Journal of Applied Economics and Business Research JAEBR*, 1(2), 103–115.
- Yudho, E. (2010). Pengaruh Jenis Industri terhadap luas Pengungkapan CSR pada Laporan Tahunan Perusahaan (Studi Empiris pada Perusahaan Publik yang tercatat di Bursa Efek Indonesia Tahun 2009).
- Yulfajar, A. (2013). Analisis Atas Tingkat Kepatuhan Pengungkapan CSR Oleh Perusahaan Pertambangan yang Terdaftar di Bursa Efek Indonesia. *Media Mahardika*, 11(3), 47–92.