CHAPTER V
CONCLUSION & SUGGESTION

The last chapter of this thesis contains conclusion and suggestion regarding the analysis of medical register used by medical professionals in TV series "*Grey's Anatomy*" season 1.

5.1. CONCLUSION

The result of this research is the researcher found 26 registers which are seventeen registers have medical-literal meaning and nine registers only have medical meaning. The medical professionals utter these registers because of the influence of ethnographic factors. All of the registers that have been said are influenced by the ethnographic factors of the conversation.

The setting and scene of the conversation mostly takes place during surgery or in the examination room. It also has tense and urgent atmospheres which lead the medical professionals to move fast, work efficiently and attentively. This factor affects them to use register and especially to use the register in shorten form. Since the medical professionals need to focus on their work, they also need to communicate within the team, so they use register. It helps them to deliver the message on point, and the goal of the conversation could be achieved well.

Moreover, the participants who engage in the conversation determine what kind of register that is uttered. If the participants in the conversation

95

have close relationship, they tend to use informal keys and instrumentalities. For the example, the relationship between attending-attending, resident-resident, intern-intern, and intern-nurse. On the other hand, if the participants do not have close relationship, they would likely use the formal one; such as, attending-resident, and intern-resident. Then, the act sequence which describes the conversation in detail determines how the register initially being uttered.

5.2. SUGGESTION

The researcher would suggest this research could be treated as references for future researcher who wants to conduct similar research with different topic or object of research. Moreover, they also can analyze this kind of research using other linguistics approach such as semantic, morphology, and so on. The last, the future researcher can develop this research by analyzing the research from other perspective.

96