CHAPTER V

CONCLUSION AND SUGGESTION

This chapter contains conclusions of the discussion in Chapter IV. It also presents suggestions that can be used for further researcher about person deixis.

5.1. Conclusions

The researcher brought some conclusions based on the result and discussion in Chapter IV below:

- 1. The researcher found 229 data of person deixis that are used on Steve Jobs' speech at commencement address of Stanford University. From those data, the researcher found 154 data of first person deixis. They are devided into first person deixis singular 93 data, first person plural deixis 13 data. Then, all those first person deixis refer to the speaker, Steve Jobs. The researcher also found 8 data of second person singular deixis, and 42 data of second person plural deixis. Here, all deitic expression which belong to second person deixis types refer the audience, but some second person deixis type refer to the speaker. They depend on the context of the utterances. The context can see from who speaker's partner is, and what actually the speaker do in the speech. Last, the researcher found 25 data of third person singular deixis, and 10 data of third plural deixis. Those deitic expression of third person deixis; singular and plural forms refer to someone else or a group of people whom the speaker is talking.
- 2. Then, the researcher found the dominant person deixis. It is deitic expression of *I*. Here, the researcher found 93 data of deitic expression of

I. Then, the researcher also explain the reasons why the deitic expression of *I* become dominant in the speech.

5.2. Suggestions

The researcher proposed some suggestions as follow:

- The researcher suggests that other researchers who want to conduct the similar topic in their research should use different objects, such as movies, talk shows
- 2. Other researchers who want to have similar topic should analyse the topic more spesific.

