

CHAPTER V

CONCLUSION AND SUGGESTION

5.1 Conclusion

The result of this research is the researcher found 43 request strategies with the classifications; 9 *mood derivable*, 7 *performatives*, 1 *hedged performatives*, 2 *obligation statements*, 2 *want statements*, 9 *suggestory formulae*, 5 *query preparatory*, 7 *strong hints* and 1 *mild hints*. When the speakers express the requests, it is influenced by some factors. In each request strategy, the factors that influenced the requests are all different.

The factors that influence the use of *mood derivable strategy* and also *performatives strategy* are mostly related to purpose of the request. *Mood derivable* and *performatives* also considered as direct strategy. Even though the speakers and the hearers in these strategies mostly just meet, the speakers in these strategies choose to use *mood derivable* and *performatives* because they want to deliver their intention to the hearers and expect the hearers to carry out the act. Then, in *hedged performatives strategy*, there are two factors that are influence the speaker to use the strategy. The factors are purpose of the request and also the hearer's degree of obligation to carry out the act. Those two factors appear because in the situation, the speaker has higher position than the hearer.

Next, in *obligation statements strategy*, the relative social distance or the relationship between the speakers and the hearers become the most influenced factor in this strategy. Furthermore, in *want statements strategy*, *suggestory formulae strategy* and also *query preparatory strategy*, the factor that influences

the speakers to use those three strategies is the purpose of the request. Last, these two strategies are considered as the most indirect strategy. Those are *strong hints* and *mild hints*. In both strategies, two different factors influenced each strategy. The relative social distance or the relationship between the interlocutors influences the choice of *strong hints strategy* from the speakers. On the other hand, the purpose of the request becomes the factor that influences the speaker to use *mild hints strategy*.

In brief, when the speakers utter the requests, they consider about some factors like their purpose of request, their relationship to the hearer, etc so it affect the choice of the request strategies. The speakers also use the strategies to avoid problems with the hearers because mostly in the situation, between the speakers and the hearers, they are all just meet each other. However, even though sometimes the speakers and the hearers have intimate relationship, they do not use only direct strategies, but also indirect strategies. The reason is they want to avoid friction that can caused argument with each other in certain situation, especially in a situation when both interlocutors are not having good time.

5.2 Suggestion

The researcher suggests that this research can be useful as a reference for other researchers who want to conduct similar studies with different objects such as real conversation, talk show, etc. Moreover, other researchers can conduct further studies about request, for example by involving more variables such as gender, age, etc. Finally, other researchers can also analyze similar research from different linguistics approach.