

**HUBUNGAN ANTARA DUKUNGAN KELUARGA DENGAN
PELAKSANAAN IBADAH PADA LANSIA YANG RAWAT INAP DI
RSUD BANYUMAS**

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ABSTRAK

Latar belakang: Lansia memiliki kebutuhan dasar yang harus dipenuhi baik saat sehat maupun sakit, salah satunya adalah kebutuhan spiritual yang berkaitan dengan pelaksanaan ibadah sholat 5 waktu. Pihak yang berperan penting dalam membantu memenuhi kebutuhan dasar selain perawat adalah keluarga. Keluarga dapat memberikan dukungan dengan cara selalu mengingatkan, mengajak, mendukung.

Tujuan: Untuk mengetahui hubungan dukungan keluarga terhadap pelaksanaan ibadah pada lansia selama di rawat di rumah sakit.

Metode: Penelitian ini menggunakan desain *cross sectional*, tehnik pengambilan sampelnya menggunakan *accidental sampling* dengan jumlah responden sebanyak 56 lansia dan keluarga. Menggunakan kuesioner dukungan keluarga dan pelaksanaan sholat 5 waktu. Analisis menggunakan uji *chi square*.

Hasil: Hasil penelitian yang menunjukkan bahwa sebagian besar anggota keluarga hanya memberikan dukungan rendah terhadap pelaksanaan ibadah lansia selama di rumah sakit (48,2%) dan sebagian besar lansia tidak menjalankan ibadah sholat selama di rumah sakit (71,4%). Hasil uji menunjukkan terdapat hubungan antara dukungan keluarga terhadap pelaksanaan ibadah pada lansia selama di rawat di rumah sakit ($P = 0,001$).

Kesimpulan: Terdapat hubungan antara dukungan keluarga dengan pelaksanaan ibadah pada lansia di ruang rawat inap di rumah sakit

Kata kunci: Lansia, spiritual, dukungan keluarga, pelaksanaan ibadah.

**RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN FAMILY SUPPORT TO THE
IMPLEMENTATION OF WORSHIP IN ELDERLY INSURED IN
HOSPITAL IN BANYUMAS HOSPITAL**

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ABSTRACT

Background: Elderly has basic needs that must be met both when healthy and sick, one of which is the spiritual needs associated with the implementation of the five-time prayer. The party that plays an important role in helping to fulfill basic needs besides the nurse is the family. Families can provide support by always reminding, inviting, supporting.

Objective: To determine the relationship of family support to the implementation of worship in the elderly during hospitalization.

Method: This study used a cross sectional design, the sampling technique used accidental sampling with a number of respondents as many as 56 elderly and families. Using a family support questionnaire and the implementation of prayer 5 time. Analysis using chi square test.

Results: The results of the study showed that the majority of family members only gave low support for the implementation of elderly worship during hospitalization (48.2%) and the majority of elderly people did not perform prayer during hospitalization (71.4%). The test results show there is a relationship between family support for the implementation of worship in the elderly during hospitalization ($P = 0.001$).

Conclusion: There is a relationship between family support and the implementation of worship in the elderly in the inpatient room at the hospital.

Keywords: Elderly, spiritual, family support, practice of worship.